THE M-11/NINEmm SUBMACHINE GUN

OPERATING MANUAL No. 2





1872 Marietta Blvd., Atlanta, Georgia 30318





OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL

COBRAY DE M-11/NINE mm





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TABLE OF CONTENTS

FOREWORD4
1. INTRODUCTION4
A. Technicat Specifications
2. CONSTRUCTION
3. OPERATION OF THE WEAPON6
A. Loading Magazines
B. Stock Assembly
C. Loading and Cocking the Weapon
D. Charging the Weapon ,
E. Inserting the Magazine
F. Placing the Weapon on "Safe"
G Removal of Magazine 11, 12
H. Fire Selector Lever Operation
I. Firing the Submachine Gun
J. Malfunctions
4 STRIPPING AND REASSEMBLING
A. Field Stripping
 Removing Upper Receiver
2) Removing the Bolt
3) Removing the Stock
B. Triggr Mechanism18
C. Extractor18
D. Recoil Spring
E. Receiver Pin Catch ,
F. Magazine Catch18
G. Safety Catch
H. Stock Latch
I Magazine
5. REASSEMBLY
6. CLEANING AND MAINTENANCE 19
7 ILLUSTRATIONS
8 PARTS LIST 21,24

FOREWORD

This manual is published for the information and guidance of personnel whose duties involve the use, maintenance and repair of the M-11/9mm SMG Disassembly, assembly, cleaning and minor repairs may be undertaken in the field.

In all cases where the nature of the repair or adjustment is beyond the scope of lacilities of the unit, the Manufacturer should be informed in order that trained personnel with suitable tools and equipment may be provided

1. INTRODUCTION

The COBRAY M-11/9mm represents a significant break through in compact submachine gun design. The M-11/9mm is available in 9mm PARA, only.

The weapon is light in weight, durable steel construction and easy to fire, either semi-automatic or full automatic.

The compact size of the M-11/9mm makes it especially suitable for tank crews, gun and mortar crews, etc., and its selective fire capability makes it an excellent weapon for police use.

The addition of a noise suppressor further enhances the performance, reducing the noise and eliminating muzzle flash.

The weapon operates on the straight blowback principle and is magazine fed.

A. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

COBRAY-M-11/9mm	
GUN DIMENSIONS WITHOUT SUPPRESSOR	INCHES
Length without stock	
Length stock telescoped	13 00
Length stock extended	
Barrel length	
Maximum width	
GUN DIMENSIONS WITH SUPPRESSOR ATTACHED	INCHES
Length without stock	
Length stock telescoped	
Length stock extended	
Maximom width	
SUPPRESSOR DIMENSIONS	INCHES
Length	
Diameter	
WEIGHT AND CAPACITY	LBS.
Gun without magazine	3.75
Suppressor	
TYPE OF FIRE Semi-automatic or fu	il automatic.
CYCLIC RATE OF FIREMinimum 1200 round	s per minute.
MAGAZINE CAPACITY32 Rounds	-9mm PARA.
FRONT SIGHTPro	otected post.
REAR SIGHT Fixed aperture fo	r 100 meters
SAFETY Manually operated s	atoty laonia d

to trigger.

Manually operated satety located on right underside of frame next

2. CONSTRUCTION

The weapon consists of the following major components:

Barrel, Receiver, Bolt, Frame, Firing Mechanism, Magazine, and Extendable Stock

A sling swivel may be attached to the barrel and receiver assembly. The front end of the barrel is threaded to accept a suppressor. The receiver is titted with a fixed front sight and houses the bolt, recoit spring, buffer and ejector rod. The trame carries the receiver group, trigger mechanism, magazine housing, stock quide, and safety assembly

The trigger mechanisms consist of sear, sear spring, selector tever, retainer, trip trigger, trigger pin, trigger spring, and disconnector

The stock is designed to tetescope into the frame when not in use thereby reducing the overall size of the weapon.

The bott assembly on the M-11/9mm is fitted with a cocking handle and has a tixed firing pin. The extractor on the M-11/9mm operates on a leaf spring principle and utilizes a compression spring.

The magazine for the M-11/9mm is of the double column single position teed type.

3. OPERATION OF THE WEAPON

A. Loading Magazine

9 MM Para-32 rounds capacity

Hotd the magazine in one hand, with the other hand place the magazine toader on top of the magazine. then place the base of the magazine on a firm surface. Push down on the loader to depress the magazine tottower, insert a cartridge, base tirst, into the magazine. Lift the toader, and push the cartridge all the way into the magazine. Push down on the loader, depressing the cartridge and magazine follower. Repeat the operation (Fig. 1) until the magezine is fult, 32 rounds.



FIG. 1 Pull Down On Loader, Insert Cartridge

B. Stock Assembly

Hold the weapon in the shooting hand, with one finger of the other hand, grasp the top stock extension and pull down until wire form butt locks into place. (See Fig. 2, 3, 4)

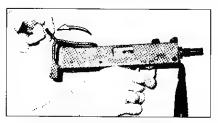


FIG. 2 Place Finger In Wire Form Extension



FIG. 3 Pull Down On Wire Form Butt



FIG. 4 Wire Form Butt Lock Into Position

While still holding the weapon in this position, pull entire stock assembly straight back until stock rails lock into normal firing position. (See Fig. 5) This entire operation can be accomplished in one continuous movement.

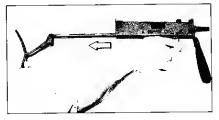


FIG. 5

Retracting Stock Assembly

Hold weapon in one hand, depress stock latch button and with the other hand push stock assembly back into the weapon. (See Fig. 8)

Still holding the weapon, press inwards on right side of wire form but near the pivot to allow wire form but to be rotated into closed position. (See Fig. 7)

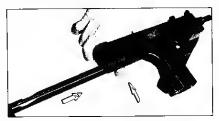


FIG. 6 Retract Wire Form Stock



FIG. 7 Rotate Butt Stock To Closed Position

C. Loading and Cocking the Weapon

Move trame safety lever to 'tire' position. Holding the gun by the platoi grip in the right hand and keeping the index tinger outside the trigger guard pull back on the cocking handle to the rear with the left hand until the boil is held to the rear by the sear. (See Fig. 8) Move safety lever to 'safe' position.

Insert loaded magazine in its housing until the magazine catch engages magazine. (See Fig. 9) Select 'semi' or 'auto' fire as required, move frame safety to 'tire' position.

The gun is now ready to fire.

D. Charging the Weapon



FIG. 8

E. Inserting the Magazine



FIG. 9

F. Placing the Weapan an "Safe"

The safety is located on the right of the underside of the frame, it moves front to back, front is the 'fire' position and back is the 'safe' position (See Fig. 10)

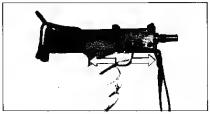


FIG. 10

G. Remaval of Magazine

Grasp magazine in left hand and with left thumb press magazine catch to release magazine. (See Fig. 11)



FIG. 11

H. Fire Selector Lever Operation

Located on the left side of the trame the selector is rotated to select 'semi' automatic or 'full' automatic fire. (See Fig. 12)

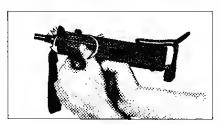


FIG. 12

I. Firing the Submachine Gun

As the bolt is moved back to the cocked position, the recoil spring is compressed and the sear engages the sear notch of the bolt. When the trigger is pressed, the sear releases the bolt, which is driven forward by the recoil spring During this torward movement, The bott strips a cartridge from the magazine into the chamber. The bolt continues torward and tires the cartridge When the cartridge is tired, the chamber pressure forces the bullet out of the muzzle of the barrel. At the same time, this pressure overcomes the torward movement of the bolt and starts it to the rear. By the time the bolt and empty case have moved to the rear far enough to open the rear of the chamber, the bullet has lett the barrel, and the chamber pressure has diminished. (In the submachine gun, the chamber pressure is relatively low and the bolt is relatively heavy; this eliminates the need tor positive locking and unlocking.) During the rearward movement of the bolt, the empty cartridge case is extracted and ejected, the recoil spring is compressed and the top round in the magazine moves up against the Irps of the magazine. The rearward movement of the bolt is stopped by contact with the butter ptate.

J. Malfunctions

Maltunctions are usually the result of worn parts or improper care of the gun. A knowledge of how the gun functions enables the user to classify and correct the malfunction. Listed below are the types of maltunctions which might occur.

- Failure to Feed. The top cartridge in the magazine is not positroned up and in tront of the bolf. Most maltunctions of the submachine gun are failures to feed caused by a defective or dirty magazine.
- Failure to Chamber. The top cartridge from the magazine is not seated in the chamber.
- 3. Failure to Fire. The cartridge is chambered but does not tire.

- 4 Failure to Extract. If the cartridge tires, the chamber pressure will normally push the empty cartridge case out of the chamber. If the cartridge case is not completely removed trom the chamber and the bolf is retracted, then there is a failure to extract. This malfunction seldom occurs.
- Failure to Eject. The empty cartridge case is not ejected from the weapon.
- Failure to Cock. It the bolt is retracted and is not held by the sear, or it, during firing, the bolt does not move to the rear tar enough to clear the top cartridge in the magazine, the gun fails to cock.

Common Malfunctions. The two most common maltunctions are:

- Failure to feed—usually caused by a detective magazine.
- 2. Failure to fire—usually caused by detective ammunifion.

Causes of Malfunctions. The following chart firsts common causes of various malfunctions and corrective action.

Molfunctions	Couse	Corrective Artien
Failuse to feed.	Disty or dented magazine. Weak or bucken magazine spring. Worn magazine notch Casaded ammunition. Wasn or bucken magazine catch.	Replace magazine. Replace magazine. Replace magazine. Replace ammunition. Replace magazine catch.
Failure to chamber	Disty chambes Obstruction in chamber. Weak secoil springs.	Clean chamber. Remove obstruction, Replace secoil spring
Failure to fire.	Defective ammunition: Defective firing pin. Weak recoil prings.	Replace ammunition. Replace bolt. Replace recall springs.
Follows in extract.	Broken extractor.	Replace extractor

Foilure to eject.	Broken ejectar.	Replace ejertar.
	Braken or missing extractor,	Replace extractor
Failure to cock.	Ware sear	Replace sear.
	Worn sear notth.	Replace ball.
	Bent guide rads.	Straighten.
	low powered ammunitian	Replace ammunition

Prevention of Malfunctions. Periodic inspection and proper care and cleaning will reduce the possibility of the submachine gun malfunctioning.

4. STRIPPING AND REASSEMBLING

The M-11/9mm has been designed so that no special tools are necessary in order to strip or reassemble the weapon.

Stripping

Before starting to strip the weapon remove the magazine and check the barrel chamber by looking through the EJECTION PORT to make sure there are no live rounds in the weapon.

A. Field Stripping consists of

1) Removing Upper Receiver (Cock Weapon)

Depress and disengage receiver pin lock and remove from receiver pin. The receiver pin may now be removed. (See Fig. 13), On alternate configuration where there is no receiver pin catch, a sharp push on the receiver pin is all that is required for removal.

Push upper receiver from frame. (See Fig. 14)



FIG. 13 Removing Pin Securing Receiver Group



2) Removing the Bolt

Slide cocking handle to rear of guide slot, rotate handle a few degrees and pull from bolt, (See Fig. 15) The bolt and recoil spring assembly can now be removed from the rear of the receiver. (See Fig. 16)

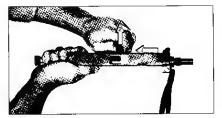


FIG. 15 Removing Cocking Handle

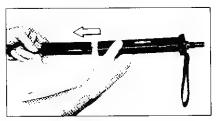


FIG. 16 Bolt Remover from Rear of Receiver

3) Removing the Stock

To remove stock, depress stock latch button and keeping pressure on button pull completely out. (See Figs. 5 and 6)

The procedure mentioned above is generally sufficient for normal maintenance and cleaning. If necessary to clean trigger mechanism, removal is as follows:

B. Trigger Mechanism

Lift retainer and remove selector tever, this atso allows removal of sear, sear spring and tripping lever. Push trigger pin out of the left side for removat of trigger or torsion spring. Note: for reassembly, tree arm of torsion spring is located on rear side of disconnector. Disconnector may be reptaced by using a pin punch to remove spring pin.

C. Extractor

Use pin punch to remove extractor spring pin.

D. Recoil Spring

Compress spring and move guide rod clear of bolt and use pin punch to remove spring pin from guide rod.

E. Receiver Pln

Use car key or similar object to remove receiver pin lock.

F. Magazine Catch

Use that bladed screw-driver to remove screw in hand grip for access to catch.

G. Safety Catch

Use pin punch to remove catch spring pin.

H. Stock Latch

Press down lightly at center of pin and stide to either side to remove retaining pin. Invert frame and latch will drop out.

I. Magazine

M-11/9mm Para

Depress stud in thoor plate and stide plate from magazine case. Keeping tinger over the bottom of the magazine to prevent the magazine spring from flying out. Remove the magazine spring and the magazine follower.

18

N O T E: To achieve the proper functioning when reassembling the M-119mm magazine ensure that the slope of the fop coil of the spring corresponds with the slope on the follower.

5. REASSEMBLY

Ifems are reassembled in the reverse order to the stripping procedure.

6. CLEANING AND MAINTENANCE

It is essential for reliable operation and performance that the weapon receive careful maintenance. It should be cleaned at the end of each day's firing.

The Gun need only be "field stripped" for this maintenance

Barrel and Receiver Group Cleaning

- Use cleaning rod, patch and solvent. Stubborn residue can be removed with a bristle bore brush.
- Swab bore with patch saturated in solvent.
- C. Use solvent saturated patch and swab inside of receiver to remove residue.
- Use clean dry patch to dry barrel and inside of receiver group.
- E. Dampen patch with light oil and swab barrel and receiver.

Balt Assembly Cleaning

- A Remove powder residue with solvent and patch
- B. Wipe all surfaces of bolt to remove carbon. The bolt face should be completely free of carbon and other residue.
- C Wipe dry and apply a light coaf of oil.

Frame Assembly Group Cleaning

- Remove residue build-up on exposed surfaces with solventsoaked cloth.
- B. Clean around the lockwork. The weapon is designed to tolerate some dirt in the frame group but excessive dirt will impair operation. Detail cleaning is required atter prolonged operation or improper functioning of weapon.
- C. Wipe dry and use oily patch to coat exposed metal areas with light tilm of oil.

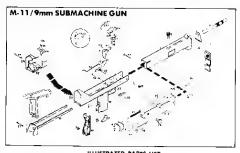
Magazine Cleaning

- Inspect magazine for damaged areas. Damaged magazines should be discarded.
- B. Clean lip area and top of the follower.
- C. Wipe with clean patch.

Suppressor Cleaning

The suppressor requires no other maintenance apart from ensuring that the bore is kept clear of obstructions. Inspection must be made with the suppressor removed from the weapon. The tront end cap of the suppressor has replaceable urethane discs which should be replaced every 500 rounds or sooner if the noise level increases significantly.

This illustrated parts breakdown is basically the same for all M-10, M-11, and M-11/9mm submachine guns. This includes all pre 1983 M.A.C. and R.P.B. guns, and the current S.W.D. Inc. guns. Please order by part no., description, caliber, and model.

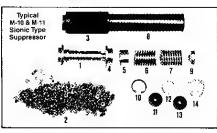


	ILLUSTRATED PARTS LIST
ltem;	Title
1.	Receiver
2.	Bolt Handle
3.	Hanger
4.	Barrel —Factory Installed (send upper receiver.)
5	Strap Assembly
6	Spring Pin, Barrel
10.	Spring Pin, Recoil Spring Rod Obsolete on Current Production
11.	Compression Spring, Bolt Handle Delent - Cosciete on
12.	Bolt Handle Detent - Obsolete on Current Production
13.	Bolt
14.	Extractor
15.	Compression Spring, Extractor
16.	Butter
17.	Plate
18.	Ejector
19.	Guide Rod
20.	Compression Spring, Recoil
21.	Spring Pin, Extractor

- 22. Spring Pin. Bolt Handle Detent Obsolete on Current Production
- 23. Receiver Pin
- 24. Button
- Spring Pin Safety
- Magazine Housing
- 27. Magazine Calch
- 28. Compression Spring-Magazine Catch
- 29. Grip
- 30. Grin Screw
- 31. Magazine Catch Pin
- 32. Stock Rail
- 33. Stock Hinge Pin
- 34. Retaining Ring
- 35. Wire Form Butt
- 36. Trigger Pin
- 37. Sear Pin
- 38. Salety Detent Plunger
- 39. Compression Spring, Safety Detent
- 40. Safety Slide
- 41. Compression Spring, Sear
- 42. Sear
- 43. Trip
- Disconnector
 Spring Pin, Disconnector
- 46. Torsion Spring, Triager
- 47. Trigger
- 48. Latch 49. Stock Latch Pin
- 50. Retainer
- 51. Plunger, Stock Latch
- 52. Compression Spring, Stock Latch
- 53. Stock Block
- 54. Rear Sight Plate
- 55 Firing Pin
- Firing Pin Retainer
- 57. Trigger Guard



- 1 sleeve
- 2 bushing
- rear wipe disc
- 4 rear wipe chamber
- middle wrpe disc
- 6 lock ring
- 7, 8, 9, 10, 11., tront baffles 18. end cap
- 12 encapsulator
- 13 rear baffle assy
- 14. lock ring
- 15 wipe disc
- 16 spacer 17 wipe disc
- - 19. assy./disassy. tool



1.	sleeve	8	tube
2.	rear baffle assy.	9	encapsulator
3.	tube	10.	lock ring
4.	bushing	11.	disc
5.	baffle	12.	spacer
6.	spiral	13.	disc
7.	spiral	14.	end cap

M-11/9mm MAGAZINE BREAKDOWN

